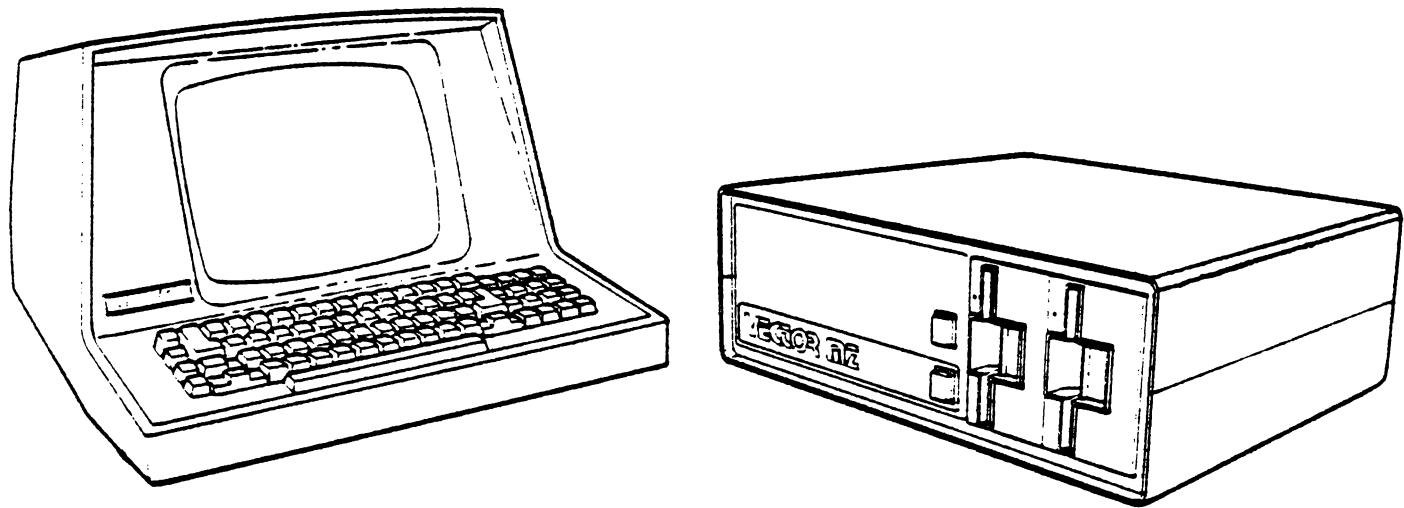


# **EXTENDED SYSTEMS MONITOR 4.1**

## **USER'S GUIDE**



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VECTOR GRAPHIC, INC.

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**EXTENDED SYSTEMS MONITOR**

**Version 4.1**

**USERS MANUAL**

**Revision A**

**SEPTEMBER 5, 1980**

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Version 4.1 Monitor is a complete systems Monitor, able to support the Flashwriter II (80 X 24) board, and the Vector Graphic Keyboard. Thus it is recommended for use with the Mindless Terminal. All keyboard and video I/O can be done through the Monitor's I/O routines, freeing higher level software from carrying a variety of versions for different hardware configurations. Version 4.1 was designed to be used with the Flashwriter II board. Use Version 4.0C for serial terminals.

Version 4.1 differs from 4.0 in the following key ways:

- 1) A new command has been added to jump directly to the bootstrap loader for Vector 8" floppy disk drives. (Executive command "V".)
- 2) A new command has been added to jump directly to the bootstrap loader for the Vector Winchester technology hard disk drive. (Executive command "W".)

In addition to I/O, the Monitor includes an extensive command executive, a compactly written program designed to facilitate manipulation and display of memory data. The "prompt" which indicates that the Monitor Executive is waiting for operator entry is "Mon>".

There are 26 commands which are entered as a single letter followed by up to four hexadecimal data fields. After each field is entered, a space is automatically output as a prompt. Either upper or lower case alpha characters may be used, but lower case characters will be converted to upper case, and any non-hex characters will be ignored. Allowable hex characters are 0-9, A-F. Address fields are four digits long; other fields are two digits long. The executive is useful in debugging hardware and software, particularly assembly language software, because it is resident in the system.

If a space is typed at any time during field entry, a default value of zero is assumed for all leading zeroes. This applies to an entire field as well as one that has been partially entered, and the cursor will advance to the next field if required. For example, typing (SP) will have the same effect as typing 0000; typing 100(SP) will have the same effect as 0100.

Any command that generates a display can be temporarily halted with a space and continued with another space. The ESCape key will abort a display or command entry.

The 4.1 Monitor is located at address E000H - E7FFH in Vector Graphic systems.

The hexadecimal number system may seem confusing if you are not familiar with it, but it has become the standard of the microcomputer field and is clearly the best system with 16 bit addresses and 8 bit data. It is usually not necessary to convert between number systems, as this is usually done by software (i.e. assemblers). Remembering a few values in hex should make things easy:

HEX NUMBER	DECIMAL VALUE	JARGON	BINARY BITS
A	10		4
B	11		4
C	12		4
D	13		4
E	14		4
F	15		4
10	16		5
FF	255		8
100	256	1 PAGE	9
3FF	1,023		10
400	1,024	1K	11
FFF	4,095		12
1000	4,096	4K	13
4000	16,384	16K	15
8000	32,768	32K	16
FFFF	65,535	64K-1	16

The familiar rules of arithmetic work just the same in hex as in decimal:

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{10H} \\ \hline 40H) \text{ 400H} \end{array} \quad \text{Hex Trivial})$$

COMMAND FORMATMon>A <ADR1> <ADR2> - ASCII DUMP

Memory contents from ADR1 through ADR2 will be displayed as ASCII characters, or graphic symbols for values less than 20 hex. If the most significant bit is high, reverse video is displayed. This command is useful for examining files such as those created by the lineditor, BASIC or MEMORITE. ASCII strings embedded in object code are easy to recognize.

Mon>B - JUMP TO BOOTSTRAP LOADER

Typing this command will cause a jump to location F800H which is the disk bootstrap loader. This will cause the disk operating system disk to be loaded into memory and transfer control to CP/M.

Mon>C <ADR1> <ADR2> <ADR3> - COMPARE BLOCKS

A byte-by-byte comparison will be made between the block of memory data starting at ADR1 and ending at ADR2 and a block of identical length starting at ADR3. The differences will be printed out with the address, the byte in the first block and the byte in the second block. This command is useful to compare two versions of a program or to verify that PROMs have been programmed correctly.

Mon>D <ADR1> <ADR2> - DUMP IN HEX

Memory contents from ADR1 through ADR2 will be displayed as pairs of hexadecimal characters. The left character in each pair represents the four most significant bits of the memory location. The display may be halted and interrupted as described above. The ASCII representation is displayed in a column on the right.

Mon>E - EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS

The monitor will output anything typed on the keyboard through port 4 on the ZCB single board computer, the Bitstreamer II I/O board or an appropriately addressed Bitstreamer I board. Anything received on this port will be displayed on the screen. Normally a 300 baud modem would be connected to the serial RS 232 output from the I/O board, and this feature allows the system to be used as a simple terminal to communicate with a host in a full duplex mode. Operation at speeds above 300 baud requires the host to send null characters after linefeeds, so that characters are not lost when the screen scrolls up.

Mon>F <ADR1> <ADR2> <BYTE1> <BYTE2> - FIND TWO BYTES

This memory range from ADR1 through ADR2 will be searched for the particular code combination BYTE 1 BYTE 2. This is useful for locating particular commands or jump addresses. For example, if you wish to change a control character (say control D) in a program you may try FE 04, which is CPI 04 since this is a common way of testing input characters. If you wish to find all locations that call or jump to a particular address, say C700H, then search for 00C7. There is no guarantee that each location displayed is valid object code - it may be part of a data table, ASCII string, or second and third bytes of a three byte instruction.

Mon>G <ADR1> - GO TO AND EXECUTE

This command will cause a jump to ADR1 to execute a program or user subroutine. As with all Monitor jump commands, the address contained on the stack is "START" (C00BH) and if the user routine at ADR1 ends in "RET", program execution will return to the Monitor. Virtually unlimited stack space is available (up to 1K), but of course, pushing more registers on the stack than are popped will defeat the return feature with undesirable effects.

Mon>H - JUMP TO HI RAM

This command jumps to FC00H which is the start of the 1K scratchpad RAM. This is a useful area for small machine language programs.

Mon>I <PORT> - INPUT FROM A PORT

Execution of this command will cause the CPU to execute an "IN PORT" instruction and the accumulator contents immediately following this to be displayed. This command is useful in checking out peripheral equipment. Only those ports used by the terminal, cassette interface, etc., will contain interesting values. All others will read FF since the data bus will be floating when the "IN" command is executed.

Mon>J - JUMP TO LOADED DOS

This command permits return to the MDOS disk operating system at 04E7H, or if not present, jump will be 0000H, which is the CP/M warm start location.

Mon>K - SET BREAKPOINTS

This command expects a 4 digit address, and will place a RESTART 7 (FF) at that location in RAM. When that instruction is executed, which is a call to location 0038H, the CPU will jump to the monitor routine that dumps the register contents. The instruction replaced with FF will also be restored. If a program is loaded over 0038H, the breakpoint instruction will be defeated unless RESET is depressed. Entry of the monitor at E000H will clear the breakpoint, as will pressing the RESET switch.

**Mon>L - JUMP TO LOW RAM AT 0000H**

This command jumps to memory location 0000H which is the beginning of program memory. This is the CP/M warm start location.

**Mon>M <ADR1> <ADR2> <ADR3> - MOVE MEMORY BLOCK**

The data contained in memory starting at ADR1 and ending at ADR2 is moved to memory locations starting at ADR3. This command is useful for moving a program from a temporary storage location to its correct address. If there is an overlap of the two memory areas, interesting results are obtained. For example, M 6000 7BFF 6400 will cause the block of data from 6000 through 63FF to be repeated 8 times from 6000 through 7FFF, since by the time location 6400 is read, it has been overwritten with data from 6000. This is useful for bank programming of proms, or for creating repeating instruction sequences for test purposes.

**Mon>N - NON-DESTRUCTIVE MEMORY TEST**

Memory locations starting at 0000 are read and the data temporarily stored. The memory location is then tested to see if 00 and FF can be written and read correctly. This continues after rewriting the original data until the first error is detected, whereupon the address is displayed followed by the data written into memory and what was read from it. This command is most useful for checking how much memory a system contains. For example, if the system contains 16K of memory, 4000 00 FF should be printed, indicating that there is no memory at address 4000. Since the test is non-destructive to data in memory, it can be used at any time.

**Mon>O <PORT> <DATA> - OUTPUT TO PORT**

The two hex digits "DATA" are loaded into the accumulator and the instruction "OUT PORT" is executed. This command is useful for checking our peripheral equipment. For example, if a printer is connected to I/O port 6, O 06 41 will cause an "A" to be printed since 41 is the hex ASCII code for "A".

**Mon>P <ADR1> - PROGRAM MEMORY**

The contents of 16 bytes of memory containing ADR1 are displayed in both hex and ASCII, allowing preceding and following instructions to be viewed. Advancing to the next instruction is accomplished by typing space or cursor right ( ). Backspace or cursor left ( ) goes backwards. The cursor up and down keys move to an adjacent 16 byte block. Any hex characters typed will replace the existing contents of RAM. After every keypress, the screen display is refreshed by reading from memory, so the display reflects the exact memory contents. To terminate, depress ESCAPE.

Mon>Q <ADR1> <ADR2> - COMPUTE CHECKSUM

The MOD 256 checksum of memory contents in the address range specified is computed and displayed. This command is useful for checking proms or files to see if anything has changed. Any source file or program written in pure code (it does not write on itself) will have the same checksum as when it was loaded. While debugging assembly language programs, it is useful to be able to verify that a program being debugged has not written garbage in the source file or assembler.

Mon>R - REGISTER DUMP

This command will print a header identifying the Z-80 registers, and immediately below it the contents of all the registers. The flags are displayed with the letters Z C M E H for the zero, carry, minus, parity even, and auxiliary or half carry flags respectively. The presence of the letter indicates the flag is true. The contents of the memory locations pointed to by the B, D, and H register pairs are also displayed as is the return address on the stack.

Mon>S <ADR1> <ADR2> <BYTE> - SEARCH FOR SINGLE BYTE

This is similar to the "F" command, except that only one byte is searched for instead of two. An example of the use of this command is to display all locations in a program where an output to a port occurs (D3). The address of each location will be displayed followed by "D3" and the next byte (the port number).

Mon>T <ADR1> <ADR2> - TEST MEMORY

This is an extremely useful command, especially when first setting up a system. This command permits thorough testing of the system memory. A portion of a 64K byte pseudorandom number sequence is written into memory from ADR1 through ADR2, and the exact same sequence is regenerated from the initial point and compared with what is read from memory. If all locations compare, another portion of the sequence is used to repeat the test which continues until it is interrupted. Any memory errors are displayed with the address, what was written into memory and what was read from memory, respectively. This information is all that is needed to pinpoint a malfunctioning memory chip. This test is quite exhaustive if used for at least 10 cycles and is far superior to incrementing or complementing tests which may not reveal addressing problems. The only area of system memory that cannot be tested with this routine is the few bytes required for the stack and video flags in the vicinity of FFD0 on the 2708 PROM/RAM board.

Mon>U - JUMP TO 2B00

This command permits easy return to programs in the user application area of MDOS.

Mon>V - 8" DRIVE BOOT

Typing this command will cause a jump to E800H (contained on the Disk Boot #3 PROM) which is the location of the 8" drive bootstrap loader. The boot program will cause the CP/M operating system to be loaded into memory and control to be transferred to CP/M.

Mon>W WINCHESTER DRIVE BOOT

Typing this command will cause a jump to E802H (contained on the Disk Boot #3 PROM) which is the location of the Winchester drive bootstrap loader. The boot program will cause the CP/M operating system to be loaded into memory and control to be transferred to CP/M.

Mon>X <ADR1> <ADR2> <ADR3> - EXCHANGE MEMORY BLOCKS

A block of memory from ADR1 through ADR2 is exchanged with an equal length block starting at ADR3. This command is useful in comparing the operation of two versions of a program, or for rapid switching of portions of a program without destroying the original. A loaded BASIC program can be exchanged with another if care is used to include the stack area (usually below the top of allowed memory).

Mon>Y - KEYBOARD ECHO

This command causes keyboard input to be echoed directly to the video driver and can be used for demonstration purposes. An ESCape returns to the Monitor.

Mon>Z <ADR1> <ADR2> <DATA> - ZERO OR FILL MEMORY

The memory block from ADR1 through ADR2 is filled with the byte "DATA". This is useful for setting memory to Zero. The end of a file or assembled program will stand out more clearly if memory is first zeroed. For test purposes, single instructions can be executed continuously so that bus waveforms are more easily interpreted. This is done by filling a block of memory with a repeated instruction sequence with a jump to the start of the block so that the program loops continuously.

ENTRY POINTS

A jump table at the beginning of the Monitor can be used to access several routines:

E000 - The normal cold entry point to the Monitor Executive, this is a jump to the initialization routine which clears the screen and initializes 8251 USARTS through I/O ports 3, 5, and 7. This is compatible with the Bitstreamer I addressed starting at port 4, the Bitstreamer II addressed starting at port 2 and the ZCB addressed starting at port 5. The USARTS are set for an X16 baud rate factor and other parameters as would be used with a serial printer or extra terminal.

E003 - This is a jump to the routine which should be used for console keyboard status test. Return with the zero flag set indicates no keyboard input.

E006 - This is a jump to the keyboard data input which returns with the character in the "A" register. The keyboard code conversions described below are carried out. There is no checking for ESC key depression.

E009 - This is a jump to the video driver which displays the character in "A" on the screen.

E00C - This is a jump to the "ESCAPE" routine which returns zero if no input, or with the character in the "A" register if there is. Keyboard code conversions are carried out. If the ESC key was pressed, the system returns to the Monitor Executive.

VIDEO DRIVER

Version 4 of the Monitor contains a more elaborate video driver than previous versions. The purpose of the video driver is to accept a stream of ASCII codes, and to write them into the screen memory in the proper place, interpreting certain non printing control codes in a special way. There are several entry points to the video driver. E009H is recommended. The character code to be printed must be in the A register. A CALL E009 will cause the character to be printed on the screen at the cursor position. All registers will be preserved.

Control codes are generated by the keyboard by holding the control (CTRL) key down while a letter key is pressed. Control codes have values between 0 and 31, and are 64 less than the codes for the corresponding upper case letters. To demonstrate the features of the video driver, type Y after the Monitor prompt, and any keyboard generated code will be echoed to the video driver. The following control codes are interpreted as special functions, while all others are ignored:

Decimal Value	Hex Value	Control Code	Description
2	2	(©B)	HOME THE CURSOR
4	4	(©D)	CLEAR THE SCREEN AND HOME CURSOR
5	5	(©E)	DISPLAY THE CODE IN B REGISTER
8	8	(©H)	DESTRUCTIVE BACKSPACE (also BACKSPACE key)
9	9	(©I)	TAB OVER TO THE NEXT 8 MULTIPLE (also TAB)
10	A	(©J)	LINEFEED (also LF Key)
13	D	(©M)	CARRIAGE RETURN (also RETURN key)
14	E	(©N)	TOGGLE CURSOR
16	10	(©P)	CLEAR TO END OF SCREEN
17	11	(©Q)	CLEAR TO END OF LINE
18	12	(©R)	CURSOR DOWN (also )
20	14	(©T)	TOGGLE REVERSE VIDEO
21	15	(©U)	CURSOR UP (also )
23	17	(©W)	CURSOR LEFT (also )
24	18	(©X)	CLEAR TO START OF LINE
26	1A	(©Z)	CURSOR RIGHT (also )
27	1B	ESC	CURSOR XY POSITION LEAD-IN

Experiment with the keys. There are special keys on the keyboard to generate some of the codes such as RETURN, TAB and linefeed (LF). If you are using the Vector Graphic Keyboard or Mindless Terminal, there are also keys for the cursor control and BACKSPACE. A few of the functions are not self explanatory. A Control D sets the reverse video flag to normal in addition to clearing the screen and homing the cursor. A Control T will then toggle the reverse video flag from normal to reverse and back without printing on the screen.

In some cases it is desirable to print the symbol for a control code on the screen. This can be done in assembly language programs by putting the code for the symbol in the B register and calling the video driver with Control E (05) in A. Enter the following machine code at FC00H and execute it to demonstrate this feature:

at FC00 06 02 3E 05 04 CD 09 E0 CD 0C E0 C3 02 FC

#### CURSOR X Y POSITIONING

Many programs utilize random X Y positioning of the cursor. This is done by outputting a three byte sequence to the video driver. The first code is ESC (1BH) followed by the desired X position and Y position in hex. This may be done through assembly language or a higher level language such as Basic. The top left corner of the screen is 0, 0. The assembly language sequence 1B 40 08 would cause the cursor to move to line 8, character position 64 on the screen. To send the same sequence to the Monitor via Microsoft Basic, the following statement would be used "PRINT CHR\$(27);CHR\$(X+128);CHR\$(Y+128);" where X would equal 64 (40H) and Y would equal 08 (08H). This may not be demonstrated using the keyboard since ESC causes a return to the monitor.

The video driver provides an extensive range of special controls, however, they must be incorporated into the software generating the video stream to be meaningful. For instance a piece of software that merely echoes all characters as they go into its input buffer will allow cursor motion on the screen, but this will probably be meaningless to the software.

#### KEYBOARD CODE CONVERSION - VECTOR GRAPHIC KEYBOARDS

Due to limitations in the keyboard encoder chip, the [] key on Vector Graphic keyboards is not encoded properly. The correct code is generated by a conversion routine in the Monitor's CONVERT routine. The codes for backslash and tilde are also produced by the control and control shift mode of this key.

MODE	KEYCODE	[] KEY CONVERSION:	
		CONVERTED CODE	ASCII SYMBOL
unshifted	F1	5B	[
shifted	E1	5D	]
control	B1	5C	®
control shift	A1	7E	™

The cursor up key is also converted from 60H to 15H which is interpreted correctly by the video driver. Room is provided in the routine for up to 15 keycode conversions. Foreign languages require additional conversions, and versions are available for French, German, Swedish and Spanish. It is essential that software utilize the monitor conversion routine for this reason.

USING THE I/O ROUTINES

The I/O routines in the Monitor are used as the Main System I/O in Vector Graphic Systems. This makes software I/O independent and easily interchangeable between systems. An example of how this is done is shown below:

INPUT ROUTINE:	INPT	CALL E00CH JZ INPT RET (RETURNS WITH CHAR INPUT IN A)
OUTPUT ROUTINE:	OUTPT	JMP E009H (CHARACTER IN A)
BREAK TEST:	CCNTL	CALL E00CH RET (RETURNS WITH ZERO FLAG SET IF NO INPUT, OR CHARACTER IN A. JUMPS TO MONITOR EXECUTIVE IF ESCAPE INPUT.)

Note that either the ESC key will break to the Monitor, which provides a convenient way of transferring control from any executive such as the DOS or BASIC to the Monitor, but necessitates the use of another character (Control C is standard) for a single level break. The routines above are merely given to illustrate how simple it is to use the Monitor I/O routines. Many programs require additional instructions to move the character to be output into the accumulator, or may require different flag conditions or accumulator contents on return from the input and Break Test routine, but the variations are easily implemented.

OTHER USEFUL MONITOR ROUTINES

The Monitor contains a number of routines that can be called by user programs, and which will save considerable programming effort. In addition to the keyboard input and video output described elsewhere, we have:

AHEX inputs four hex digits from the keyboard and returns the binary value in D,E registers. A space is automatically output at the end. All registers, except B, are used. Entry at AHEX with a value of 1-3 in C will convert that many digits. Non hex values will be ignored.

CRLF will output a carriage return and line feed to the screen. The A register is used.

SPCE will output a space to the screen. The A register is used.

RNDM returns a new random number in B,C based on the seed in B,C as it is called. B,C should not contain 0000. The pseudorandom number sequence generated is  $2^{16}$ -1 entries long and is based on a software simulation of a shift register with maximum length feedback. PSW is used.

PTAD first outputs a CRLF, then outputs the binary value in H,L as four hex digits followed by a space. PSW used.

PT2 outputs (A) as two hex digits.

TAHEX calls AHEX twice, inputting two address fields of four hex digits. The first value is returned in H,L; the second in D,E.

```

0000 E000 = BASE      EQU    0E000H      ;ASSEMBLY ADDRESS
0000 E000 = PR       EQU    0E000H      ;PROM/RAM ADDRESS
0000           LINK    'M6'

0000 ****
0000 *
0000 *      VECTOR MZ MONITOR - VERSION 4.1
0000 *      R. S. HARP 7/16/79 MODIFIED 6/1/80
0000 *
0000 ****
0000 *
0000 *      * SYSTEM EQUATES
0000 0000 = CONS      EQU    0          ;CONS STATUS PRT
0000 0001 = COND      EQU    1          ;CONS DATA PORT
0000 0040 = RDA       EQU    40H        ;RECEIVE FLAG
0000 0000 = STPOL     EQU    0          ;STATUS POLARITY
0000 FFD0 = SPTR      EQU    PR+01FDOH   ;STACK POINTER
0000 E800 = DSBOOT    EQU    0E800H     ;DUALSTOR BOOTSTRAP
0000 E802 = MSBOOT    EQU    0E802H     ;MEGASTOR BOOTSTRAP
0000 *
0000 **** COMMAND FORMAT ****
0000 *      A SSSS FFFF ASCII DUMP OF MEMORY
0000 *      B JUMP TO BOOTSTRAP LOADER
0000 *      C SSSS FFFF CCCC COMPARE BLOCKS
0000 *      D SSSS FFFF DUMP MEMORY IN HEX & ASCII
0000 *      E EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS
0000 *      F SSSS FFFF DD DD TWO BYTE SEARCH
0000 *      G SSSS GO TO AND EXECUTE
0000 *      H JUMP TO HIGH RAM AT FC00
0000 *      I PP INPUT FROM PORT
0000 *      J JUMP TO DOS
0000 *      K LLLL SET A BREAKPOINT
0000 *      L JUMP TO LOW RAM AT 0
0000 *      M SSSS FFFF DDDD MOVE BLOCK
0000 *      N NON DESTRUCTIVE MEMORY TEST
0000 *      O PP DD OUTPUT TO PORT
0000 *      P LLLL PROGRAM MEMORY
0000 *      Q SSSS FFFF COMPUTE CHECKSUM
0000 *      R DUMP Z-80 REGISTERS
0000 *      S SSSS FFFF DD SEARCH FOR SINGLE BYTE
0000 *      T SSSS FFFF TEST MEMORY
0000 *      U JUMP TO USER AREA AT 2B00
0000 *      V BOOT FROM 8 INCH DISK
0000 *      W BOOT WINCHESTER DISK
0000 *      X SSSS FFFF DDDD EXCHANGE BLOCK
0000 *      Y KEYBOARD ECHO
0000 *      Z SSSS FFFF DD ZERO OR FILL MEMORY
0000 *
0000           ORG    BASE
E000 * JUMP TABLE OF ENTRY POINTS
E000 C318E0 MONIT    JMP    INIT      ;INITIALIZE ALL
E003 C33CE1 KEYTST   JMP    KEYSTAT   ;TEST KEYBOARD
E006 C341E1 KEYDATA  JMP    CONVERT   ;INPUT KEYBOARD
E009 C38AE3 CRT     JMP    VIDEO     ;OUTPUT TO SCREEN
E00C C32FE1 ESC     JMP    ESCAPE    ;KEYBOARD INPUT
E00F 00      NOP
E010 00      NOP

```

E011 00		NOP	
E012	*		
E012	* TABLE OF COMMANDS FOR USART		
E012 00000040	INITABLE	DB	0,0,0,40H,0CEH,27H
E016 CE27	*		
E018	*		
E018 31D0FF	INIT	LXI	SP,S PTR
E018 CD2FE1		CALL	ESCAPE
E01E AF		XRA	A
E01F 32EAFF		STA	XYFLAG
E022	* INITIALIZE USARTS AT PORTS 3,5,7		
E022 0E03		MVI	C,3
E024 0606	INILOOP	MVI	B,6
E026 2112E0		LXI	H,INITABLE
E029 EDB3		OUTIR	
E02B 0C		INR	C
E02C 0C		INR	C
E02D 79		MOV	A,C
E02E FE09		CPI	9
E030 20F2		JRNZ	INILOOP
E032	* PATCH RST 7		
E032 3EC3		MVI	A,0C3H
E034 323800		STA	38H
E037 21D7E6		LXI	H,DUMPREGS
E03A 223900		SHLD	39H
E03D	* DISPLAY SIGN ON		
E03D CDDEE4		CALL	SIGN
E040	* CLEAR BREAKPOINT		
E040 2AE7FF	CLRRBK	LHLD	BKPTLOC
E043 11E9FF		LXI	D,BRKCODE
E046 ED53E7FF		SDED	BKPTLOC
E04A 1A		LDAX	D
E04B 77		MOV	M,A
E04C 31D0FF	START	LXI	SP,S PTR
E04F 2100F0		LXI	H,PAGE
E052 22DFFF		SHLD	TOSCN
E055 CD3AE5		CALL	PROMPT
E058 CD2FE1	KEYPOL	CALL	ESCAPE
E05B 28FB		JRZ	KEYPOL
E05D E65F		ANI	5FH
E05F 214CEO		LXI	H,START
E062 E5		PUSH	H
E063 FE04		CPI	'D'-64
E065 CCBAE3		CZ	VIDEO
E068 FE41		CPI	'A'
E06A D8		RC	
E06B FE5B		CPI	05BH
E06D D0		RNC	
E06E 21F9E0		LXI	H,CMDTB+7EH
E071 F5		PUSH	PSW
E072 87		ADD	A
E073 85		ADD	L
E074 6F		MOV	L,A
E075 5E		MOV	E,M
E076 23		INX	H
E077 56		MOV	D,M
E078 EB		XCHG	

		POP	PSW	
		PCHL		;AWAY WE GO
E079 F1				
E07A E9				
E07B	* COMMAND TABLE			
E07B 43E5	CMDTB	DW	WASCII	;A
E07D 47E2		DW	BOOT	;B
E07F F1E2		DW	COMPRESS	;C
E081 C7E5		DW	HEXRUL	;D
E083 DCE7		DW	EXTCOM	;E
E085 14E3		DW	FIND	;F
E087 AFE0		DW	EXBC	;G
E089 65E2		DW	RAM	;H
E08B 62E3		DW	PINPT	;I
E08D 96E1		DW	WARM	;J
E08F C1E7		DW	SETBRK	;K
E091 71E2		DW	LORAM	;L
E093 A5E2		DW	MOVEB	;M
E095 CDE2		DW	NDMT	;N
E097 74E3		DW	POUTP	;O
E099 14E6		DW	PROGRAM	;P
E09B 79E1		DW	CHKSM	;Q
E09D CBE6		DW	DREGS	;R
E09F 21E3		DW	SRCH	;S
E0A1 C3E1		DW	TMEM	;T
E0A3 56E2		DW	USER	;U
E0A5 00E8		DW	DSBOOT	;V
E0A7 02E8		DW	MSBOOT	;W
E0A9 96E2		DW	EXCHG	;X
E0AB AEE1		DW	ECHO	;Y
E0AD 7DE2		DW	ZEROM	;Z
E0AF	*			
E0AF	*** EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AT THE ADDRESS ***			
E0AF	*			
E0AF CDD3E4	EXEC	CALL	PTSTNG	
E0B2 474F2054		DTH	'GO TO '	
E0B6 4FA0				
E0B8 CDBDE0		CALL	AHEX	;READ ADD FROM KB
E0BB EB		XCHG		
E0BC E9		PCHL		;JUMP TO IT
E0BD	*			
E0BD	*** CONVERT UP TO 4 HEX DIGITS TO BIN			
E0BD	*			
E0BD 0E04	AHEX	MVI	C, 4	;COUNT OF 4 DIGITS
E0BF 210000	AHE0	LXI	H, 0	;16 BIT ZERO
E0C2 CD2FE1	AHE1	CALL	ESCAPE	
E0C5 FE20		CPI	' '	;SPACE?
E0C7 CAE8E0		JZ	SPCOVR	
E0CA CDEDE0		CALL	HEX	;CHECK VALUE
E0CD 38F3		JRC	AHE1	
E0CF 29		DAD	H	;MULT H*16
E0D0 29		DAD	H	
E0D1 29		DAD	H	
E0D2 29		DAD	H	
E0D3 85		ADD	L	
E0D4 6F		MOV	L, A	
E0D5 0D		DCR	C	;4 DIGITS?
E0D6 C2C2E0		JNZ	AHE1	;KEEP READING
E0D9 EB		XCHG		

E0DA 3E20	SPCE	MVI	A, 20H	;PRINT SPACE
E0DC C38AE3	PTCN	JMP	VIDEO	
E0DF 3E0D	CRLF	MVI	A, ODH	;PRINT CR
E0E1 CDDCE0		CALL	PTCN	
E0E4 3E0A		MVI	A, OAH	
E0E6 18F4		JR	PTCN	
E0E8 *				
E0E8 CD8AE3	SPCOVR	CALL	VIDEO	
E0EB 18EC		JR	SPCE-1	
E0ED *				
E0ED	* CHECK FOR HEX VALUE, CONVERT			
E0ED FE30	HEX	CPI	30H	;<0
E0EF D8		RC		
E0FO FE3A		CPI	'.'	;>9
E0F2 3809		JRC	NUM	
E0F4 E65F		ANI	5FH	;UPPER & LOWER CASE
E0F6 FE41		CPI	'A'	;<A
E0F8 D8		RC		
E0F9 FE47		CPI	'G'	;>F
E0FB 3F		CMC		
E0FC D8		RC		
E0FD CD8AE3	NUM	CALL	VIDEO	
E100 D630		SUI	48	;ASCII BIAS
E102 FE0A		CPI	10	;DIGIT 0-10
E104 3802		JRC	ALFA	
E106 D607		SUI	7	;ALPHA BIAS
E108 A7	ALFA	ANA	A	;CLEAR CY
E109 C9		RET		;WITH CY CLEAR
E10A *				
E10A	* READ 2 DIGITS FROM THE CONSOLE			
E10A 0E02	AHE2	MVI	C, 2	
E10C 18B1		JR	AHE0	
E10E *				
E10E	* SHORT ROUTINE TO SAVE CODE			
E10E CDBDE0	TAHEX	CALL	AHEX	
E111 18AA		JR	AHEX	
E113 *				
E113	*** READ FROM CONSOLE TO REG A ***			
E113	*			
E113 CD2FE1	RDCN	CALL	ESCAPE	;READ KEYBOARD
E116 28FB		JRZ	RDCN	
E118 FE60		CPI	60H	
E11A 38C0		JRC	PTCN	
E11C E65F		ANI	5FH	
E11E 18BC		JR	PTCN	
E120 *				
E120 CD2FE1	PAUSE	CALL	ESCAPE	
E123 FE20		CPI	20H	
E125 C0		RNZ		
E126 CD2FE1	PLOOP	CALL	ESCAPE	
E129 FE20		CPI	20H	
E12B C226E1		JNZ	PLOOP	
E12E C9		RET		
E12F *				
E12F CD3CE1	ESCAPE	CALL	KEYSTAT	
E132 C8		RZ		
E133 CD41E1		CALL	CONVERT	

E136 FEB		CPI	1BH	
E138 CA4CEO		JZ	START	;ESCAPE
E13B C9		RET		
E13C *				
E13C DB00	KEYSTAT	IN	CONS	
E13E E640		ANI	RDA	
E140 C9		RET		
E141 *				
E141 * KEYBOARD CODE CONVERSION				
E141 DB01	CONVERT	IN	COND	;KEYBOARD DATA
E143 E5		PUSH	H	
E144 C5		PUSH	B	
E145 010500		LXI	B,TABLEND-KTABL/2	
E148 215BE1		LXI	H,KTABL	
E14B EDAL	LOOP	CCI		;COMPARE TABLE
E14D 2806		JRZ	FND	
E14F 23		INX	H	
E150 EA4BE1		JPB	LOOP	;CONT LOOKING
E153 1801		JR	NPND	
E155 7E	FND	MOV	A,M	;NEW CODE
E156 E67F	NFND	ANI	7FH	;MASK DOWN
E158 C1		POP	B	
E159 E1		POP	H	
E15A C9		RET		
E15B *				
E15B * THIS TABLE CAN BE EXTENDED IF DESIRED				
E15B E15D	KTABL	DD	0E15DH	;]
E15D F15B		DD	0F15BH	;[
E15F A17E		DD	0A17EH	;"
E161 B15C		DD	0B15CH	;•
E163 6015		DD	06015H	;CURSOR UP
E165 E165 -	TABLEND	EQU	\$	
E165		ORG	KTABL+30	;ROOM FOR 15 CONVS
E179 *				
E179 * CHECKSUM ROUTINE				
E179 CDD3E4	CHKSM	CALL	PTSTNG	
E17C 43484543		DTH	'CHECKSUM'	
E180 4B53554D				
E184 A0				
E185 C00EE1		CALL	TAHEX	
E188 0600		MVI	B,0	
E18A 7E	CHKSMLP	MOV	A,M	
E18B 80		ADD	B	
E18C 47		MOV	B,A	
E18D CD3FE2		CALL	BMP	
E190 20F8		JRNZ	CHKSMLP	
E192 78		MOV	A,B	
E193 C326E2		JMP	PT2	
E196 *				
E196 * WARM START				
E196 *				
E196 CDD3E4	WARM	CALL	PTSTNG	
E199 4A554D50		DTH	'JUMP TO DOS'	
E19D 20544F20				
E1A1 444FD3				
E1A4 21E704		LXI	H,04E7H	;MDOS RESTART
E1A7 7E		MOV	A,M	

E1A8 FEC3		CPI	0C3H	
E1AA C20000		JNZ	0	;CP/M RESTART
E1AD E9		PCHL		;MDOS WARM START
E1AE	*			
E1AE CDD3E4	* KEYBOARD ECHO ROUTINE	ECHO	CALL PTSTNG	
E1B1 4543484F		DTH	'ECHO KEYS '	
E1B5 204B4559				
E1B9 53A0				
E1BB CD2FE1	ECOLP	CALL	ESCAPE	;LOOK AT KEYBOARD
E1BE C4DCE0		CNZ	PTCN	;PRINT IF KEYPRESS
E1C1 18F8		JR	ECOLP	;CONTINUE LOOPING
E1C3	*			
E1C3	*** MEMORY TEST ROUTINE ***			
E1C3	*			
E1C3 CDD3E4	TMEM	CALL	PTSTNG	
E1C6 54455354		DTH	'TEST '	
E1CA A0				
E1CB CD0EE1		CALL	TAHEX	;READ ADDRESSES
E1CE 015A5A		LXI	B,5A5AH	;INI B,C
E1D1 CDFDE1	CYCL	CALL	RNDM	
E1D4 C5		PUSH	B	;KEEP ALL REGS
E1D5 E5		PUSH	H	
E1D6 D5		PUSH	D	
E1D7 CDFDE1	TLOP	CALL	RNDM	
E1DA 70		MOV	M,B	;WRITE IN MEM
E1DB CD3FE2		CALL	BMP	
E1DE C2D7E1		JNZ	TLOP	;REPEAT LOOP
E1E1 D1		POP	D	
E1E2 E1		POP	H	;RESTORE ORIG
E1E3 C1		POP	B	;VALUES OF
E1E4 E5		PUSH	H	
E1E5 D5		PUSH	D	
E1E6 CDFDE1	RLOP	CALL	RNDM	;GEN NEW SEQ
E1E9 7E		MOV	A,M	;READ MEM
E1EA B8		CMP	B	;COMP MEM
E1EB C41DE2		CNZ	ERR	;CALL ERROR RTN
E1EE CD3FE2		CALL	BMP	
E1F1 C2E6E1		JNZ	RLOP	
E1F4 D1		POP	D	
E1F5 E1		POP	H	
E1F6 3E2E		MVI	A,'.'	
E1F8 CD8AE3		CALL	VIDEO	
E1FB 18D4		JR	CYCL	
E1FD	*** THIS ROUTINE GENERATES RANDOM NOS ***			
E1FD CD20E1	RNDM	CALL	PAUSE	
E200 78		MOV	A,B	;LOOK AT B
E201 E6B4		ANI	0B4H	;MASK BITS
E203 A7		ANA	A	;CLEAR CY
E204 EA08E2		JPE	PEVE	;JUMP IF EVEN
E207 37		STC		
E208 79	PEVE	MOV	A,C	;LOOK AT C
E209 17		RAL		;ROTATE CY IN
E20A 4F		MOV	C,A	;RESTORE C
E20B 78		MOV	A,B	;LOOK AT B
E20C 17		RAL		;ROTATE CY IN
E20D 47		MOV	B,A	;RESTORE B

E20E C9		RET		;RETURN W NEW B,C
E20F	*			
E20F	***	ERROR PRINT OUT ROUTINE		
E20F	*			
E20F CDDFE0	PTAD	CALL	CRLF	;PRINT CR,LF
E212 CD20E1		CALL	PAUSE	
E215 7C		MOV	A,H	;PRINT
E216 CD26E2		CALL	PT2	;ASCII
E219 7D		MOV	A,L	;CODES
E21A C32BE7		JMP	PT2S	;FOR ADDRESS
E21D	*			
E21D F5	ERR	PUSH	PSW	;SAVE ACC
E21E CD0FE2		CALL	PTAD	;PRINT ADD.
E221 78		MOV	A,B	;DATA
E222 CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S	;WRITTEN
E225 F1		POP	PSW	;DATA READ
E226 F5	PT2	PUSH	PSW	
E227 CD2DE2		CALL	BINH	
E22A F1		POP	PSW	
E22B 1804		JR	BINL	
E22D 1F	BINH	RAR		;SHIFT RHT 4 BITS
E22E 1F		RAR		
E22F 1F		RAR		
E230 1F		RAR		
E231 E60F	BINL	ANI	0FH	;LOW 4 BITS
E233 C630		ADI	48	;ASCII BIAS
E235 FE3A		CPI	58	;DIGIT 0-9
E237 DADCE0		JC	PTCN	
E23A C607		ADI	7	;DIGIT A-F
E23C C3DCE0		JMP	PTCN	
E23F	*			
E23F	* COMPARE ADDRESSES AND INCREMENT H			
E23F 7B	BMP	MOV	A,E	
E240 95		SUB	L	
E241 2002		JRNZ	GOON	
E243 7A		MOV	A,D	
E244 9C		SBB	H	
E245 23	GOON	INX	H	
E246 C9		RET		
E247	*			
E247	* DISK BOOTSTRAP			
E247 CDD3E4	BOOT	CALL	PTSTNG	
E24A 424F4F54		DTH	'BOOT DISK'	
E24E 20444953				
E252 CB				
E253 C300F8		JMP	PR+1800H	
E256	*			
E256	* JUMP TO USER RAM			
E256 CDD3E4	USER	CALL	PTSTNG	
E259 55534552		DTH	'USER AREA'	
E25D 20415245				
E261 C1				
E262 C30001		JMP	0100H	
E265	*			
E265	* JUMP TO RAM AT PR+1C00			
E265 CDD3E4	RAM	CALL	PTSTNG	
E268 48492052		DTH	'HI RAM'	

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E26C 41CD
E26E C300FC
E271 *
E271 * JUMP TO RAM AT 0
E271 CDD3E4 LORAM CALL PTSTNG
E274 4C4F2052 DTH 'LO RAM'
E278 41CD
E27A C30000 JMP 0
E27D *
E27D * ZERO OR FILL MEMORY WITH A CONSTANT
E27D CDD3E4 ZEROM CALL PTSTNG
E280 46494C4C DTH 'FILL '
E284 A0
E285 CD0EE1 CALL TAHEX ;READ ADDRESSES
E288 E5 PUSH H ;SAVE H
E289 CD0AE1 CALL AHE2 ;READ 2 DIGITS
E28C EB XCHG
E28D E3 XTHL ;RESTORE H,L
E28E C1 POP B
E28F 71 ZLOOP MOV M,C ;WRITE INTO MEM
E290 CD3FE2 CALL BMP ;COMP ADD, INCR H
E293 C8 RZ ;RETURN IF DONE
E294 18F9 JR ZLOOP ;CONTINUE TIL DONE
E296 * EXCHANGE OR MOVE A BLOCK OF MEMORY
E296 47 EXCHG MOV B,A
E297 CDD3E4 CALL PTSTNG
E29A 45584348 DTH 'EXCHANGE '
E29E 414E4745
E2A2 A0
E2A3 1809 JR MOVENTR
E2A5 47 MOVEBB MOV B,A ;SAVE CODE
E2A6 CDD3E4 CALL PTSTNG
E2A9 4D4F5645 DTH 'MOVE '
E2AD A0
E2AE CD0EE1 MOVENTR CALL TAHEX ;READ ADDRESSES
E2B1 E5 PUSH H
E2B2 CDBDE0 CALL AHEX
E2B5 EB XCHG
E2B6 E3 XTHL ;BACK TO NORMAL
E2B7 4E MLOOP MOV C,M
E2B8 E3 XTHL
E2B9 78 MOV A,B
E2BA FE4D CPI 'M'
E2BC 2804 JRZ NEXCH
E2BE 7E MOV A,M
E2BF E3 XTHL
E2C0 77 MOV M,A
E2C1 E3 XTHL
E2C2 71 NEXCH MOV M,C
E2C3 23 INX H
E2C4 E3 XTHL
E2C5 CD3FE2 CALL BMP
E2C8 CA4CE0 JZ START
E2CB 18EA JR MLOOP
E2CD * NON DESTRUCTIVE MEMORY TEST
E2CD CDD3E4 NDWT CALL PTSTNG
E2D0 4D454D20 DTH 'MEM CHECK'

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E2D4 43484543				
E2D8 CB				
E2D9 210000		LXI	H,0	
E2DC 4E	NDLOP	MOV	C,M	;START AT ZERO
E2DD 06FF		MVI	B,0FFH	
E2DF 70		MOV	M,B	
E2E0 7E		MOV	A,M	
E2E1 B8		CMP	B	
E2E2 C2EAE2		JNZ	ERRJP	;PRINT ERROR
E2E5 0600		MVI	B,0	
E2E7 70		MOV	M,B	
E2E8 7E		MOV	A,M	
E2E9 B8		CMP	B	
E2EA C21DE2	ERRJP	JNZ	ERR	
E2ED 71		MOV	M,C	
E2EB 23		INX	H	
E2EF 18EB		JR	NDLOP	
E2F1 * COMPARE TWO BLOCKS OF		CALL	PTSTNG	MEMORY
E2F1 CDD3E4	COMPR	DTH	'COMPARE '	
E2F4 434F4D50		CALL	TAHEX	
E2F8 415245A0		PUSH	H	
E2FC CD0EE1		CALL	AHEX	
E2FF E5		XCHG		
E300 CDBDE0		MOV	A,M	
E303 EB		INX	H	
E304 7E	VMLOP	XTHL		
E305 23		CMP	M	
E306 E3		MOV	B,M	
E307 BE		CN2	ERR	
E308 46		CALL	BMP	
E309 C41DE2		XTHL		
E30C CD3FE2		JRNZ	VMLOP	
E30F E3		POP	PSW	
E310 20F2		RET		
E312 F1		* SEARCH FOR SPECIFIC CODES		
E313 C9		FIND	PSW	
E314 F5		CALL	PTSTNG	
E315 CDD3E4		DTH	'FIND-2 '	
E318 46494E44		JR	SRCHENT	
E31C 2D32A0		PUSH	PSW	
E31F 180D		CALL	PTSTNG	
E321 F5	SRCH	DTH	'SEARCH-1 '	
E322 CDD3E4		CALL	TAHEX	
E325 53454152		PUSH	H	;SAVE H
E329 43482D31		CALL	AHE2	;READ 2 DIGITS
E32D A0		XCHG		;H=CODE,D=F
E32E CD0EE1	SRCHENT	MOV	B,L	;PUT CODE IN B
E331 E5		POP	H	;RESTORE H
E332 CD0AE1		POP	PSW	
E335 EB		CPI	'S'	
E336 45		PUSH	PSW	
E337 E1		JRZ	CONT	
E338 F1				
E339 FE53				
E33B F5				
E33C 2807				

E33E E5	PUSH	H		
E33F C00AE1	CALL	AHE2	;READ 2 DIGITS	
E342 EB	XCHG			
E343 4D	MOV	C,L		
E344 E1	POP	H		
E345 7E	MOV	A,M		
E346 B8	CMP	B		
E347 2012	JRNZ	SKP		
E349 F1	POP	PSW		
E34A FB53	CPI	'S'		
E34C F5	PUSH	PSW		
E34D 2806	JRZ	OBCP		
E34F 23	INX	H		
E350 7B	MOV	A,M		
E351 2B	DCX	H		
E352 B9	CMP	C		
E353 2006	JRNZ	SKP		
E355 23	INX	H		
E356 7E	MOV	A,M		
E357 2B	DCX	H		
E358 CD1DE2	CALL	ERR		
E35B CD3FE2	CALL	BMP		
E35E 20E5	JRNZ	CONT		
E360 F1	POP	PSW		
E361 C9	RET			
E362 *				
E362 * INPUT DATA FROM A PORT				
E362 CDD3E4	PINPT	CALL	PTSTNG	
E365 494E5055		DTH	'INPUT '	
E369 5A0				
E36B C00AE1		CALL	AHE2	;READ 2 DIGITS
E36E 4B		MOV	C,E	
E36F ED78		INP	A	
E371 C326E2		JMP	PT2	
E374 *				
E374 * OUTPUT TO A PORT				
E374 CDD3E4	POUTP	CALL	PTSTNG	
E377 4F555450		DTH	'OUTPUT '	
E37B 5554A0				
E37E C00AE1		CALL	AHE2	;READ 2 DIGITS
E381 C00AE1		CALL	AHE2	;READ 2 DIGITS
E384 4D		MOV	C,L	
E385 ED59		OUTP	E	
E387 C9		RET		
E388 *				

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E388      *
E388      ****
E388      *
E388      *      VIDEO DRIVER FOR FLASHWRITER II      *
E388      *
E388      ****
E388      *
E388      F000 = PAGE      EQU      PR+1000H      ;SCREEN LOCATION
E388      0020 = SPACE     EQU      20H
E388      0004 = CLRSCRN   EQU      4
E388      *
E388      *
E388      * CONTROL CODE COMMANDS:
E388      * (B) HOME CURSOR
E388      * (D) CLEAR SCREEN
E388      * (E) PRINT CONTROL CODE
E388      * (H) BACKSPACE
E388      * (I) TAB
E388      * (J) LINEFEED
E388      * (M) CARRIAGE RETURN
E388      * (N) NO CURSOR
E388      * (P) CLEAR TO END OF SCREEN
E388      * (Q) CLEAR TO END OF LINE
E388      * (R) CURSOR DOWN
E388      * (T) TOGGLE REVERSE VIDEO
E388      * (U) CURSOR UP
E388      * (W) CURSOR LEFT
E388      * (X) CLEAR TO START OF LINE
E388      * (Z) CURSOR RIGHT
E388      * ESC XY POSITION LEAD-IN
E388      *
E388      *
E388      * VIDEO BOARD PARAMETERS
E388      0050 = HORIZ     EQU      80      ;NO. OF CHARACTERS
E388      0018 = VERT      EQU      24      ;NO. OF LINES
E388      *
E388      3E14    TVIDEO    MVI      A, 'T'-64      ;TOGGLE VIDEO
E38A      *
E38A      F5      VIDEO     PUSH     PSW
E38B      C5      PUSH     B
E38C      D5      PUSH     D
E38D      E5      PUSH     H
E38E      E67F      ANI      07FH
E390      4F      MOV      C,A
E391      3A00E8      LDA      BASE+800H
E394      FEC3      CPI      0C3H      ;PROM THERE?
E396      79      MOV      A,C
E397      CC00E8      CZ      BASE+800H      ;CALL IT IF SO
E39A      CD6FE4      DISPL    CALL     LIFTCURS      ;ERASE CURSOR
E39D      3AEAFF      LDA      XYFLAG
E3A0      A7      ANA      A
E3A1      280A      JRZ      NOXY
E3A3      3D      DCR      A
E3A4      32EAFF      STA      XYFLAG
E3A7      CABEE4      JZ      YPOS
E3AA      C3B5E4      JMP      XPOS

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E3AD 79	NOXY	MOV	A,C	;RECOVER CHARACTER
E3AE FE20		CPI	SPACE	;PRINTING CODE?
E3B0 F2E4E3		JP	PRINT	
E3B3 FE1C		CPI	PCL-TABL	;TOO LARGE?
E3B5 F251E4		JP	RET	
E3B8 E5		PUSH	H	;CURSOR IN MEMORY
E3B9 21C7E3		LXI	H,TABL	;TABLE START
E3BC 5F		MOV	E,A	
E3BD 1600		MVI	D,0	
E3BF 19		DAD	D	
E3C0 5E		MOV	E,M	
E3C1 21E3E3		LXI	H,PCL	
E3C4 19		DAD	D	
E3C5 E3		XTHL		;RECOVER H
E3C6 C9		RET		;EXECUTE ROUTINE
E3C7	*	CONTROL CHARACTER JUMP TABLE		
E3C7 6E	TABL	DB	RET-PCL	;@
E3C8 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;A
E3C9 63		DB	HOME-PCL	;B HOME CURSOR
E3CA 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;C
E3CB 60		DB	FORM-PCL	;D CLEAR SCREEN
E3CC 00		DB	PCL-PCL	;E PRT CONTROL
E3CD 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;F
E3CE 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;G
E3CF 42		DB	DBACKSP-PCL	;H BACKSPACE
E3D0 59		DB	TAB-PCL	;I TAB OVER
E3D1 12		DB	LINF-PCL	;J LINE FEED
E3D2 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;K
E3D3 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;L
E3D4 6A		DB	CRET-PCL	;M CARRIAGE RET
E3D5 71		DB	RET+3-PCL	;N NO CURSOR
E3D6 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;O
E3D7 A7		DB	CLEND-PCL	;P CLR SCN TO END
E3D8 AC		DB	CLLINE-PCL	;Q CLR LINE TO END
E3D9 12		DB	LINF-PCL	;R CURSOR DOWN
E3DA 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;S
E3DB 76		DB	TVIDF-PCL	;T TOGGLE VIDEO
E3DC 80		DB	CURSUP-PCL	;U CURSOR UP
E3DD 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;V
E3DE 50		DB	BACKSP-PCL	;W CURSOR LEFT
E3DF E4		DB	CLSTRT-PCL	;X CLR START OF LN
E3E0 6E		DB	RET-PCL	;Y
E3E1 06		DB	EOL-PCL	;Z CURSOR RIGHT
E3E2 CB		DB	LEDIN-PCL	;I ESC=XY LEADIN
E3E3	*			
E3E3 48		*	PRINT CODE IN B REGARDLESS	
PCL		MOV	C,B	
E3E4	*	PRINT THE CHARACTER ON THE SCREEN		
E3E4 3ADDFF	PRINT	LDA	VFL	
E3E7 A9		XRA	C	
E3E8 77		MOV	M,A	
E3E9	*	EOL CHECKS THE CURS POS FOR END OF LINE		
E3E9 3ADBFF	EOL	LDA	CURPOS	
E3EC 3C		INR	A	
E3ED FE50		CPI	HORIZ	
E3EF 385D		JRC	TABRET	
E3F1 AF		XRA	A	

		STA	CURPOS	
E3F2	32DBFF			
E3F5		* MOVE DN 1 LINE		
E3F5	3ADCFF	LINF	LINENO	
E3F8	FE17		CPI VERT-1	
E3FA	2023		JRNZ NOSCRRL	
E3FC		* SCROLL UP ONE LINE		
E3FC	215000	SCROLL	LXI H,HORIZ	
E3FF	ED5BDFFF		LDED TOSCN	
E403	19		DAD D	
E404	EDA0	SCRL	LDI	
E406	EDA0		LDI	
E408	7C		MOV A,H	
E409	FEF7		CPI HORIZ*VERT+PAGE/256	
E40B	20F7		JRNZ SCRRL	
E40D	7D		MOV A,L	
E40E	FE80		CPI HORIZ*VERT+PAGE&OFFH	
E410	20F2		JRNZ SCRRL	
E412	3ADCFF		LDA LINENO	
E415		* ERASE BOTTOM LINE		
E415	EB	EBOTL	XCHG	
E416	0650		MVI B,HORIZ	
E418	3620	ELOP	MVI M,SPACE	
E41A	23		INX H	
E41B	05		DCR B	
E41C	20FA		JRNZ ELOP	
E41E	3D		DCR A	
E41F	3C	NOSCRRL	INR A	
E420	32DCFF		STA LINENO	
E423	182C		JR RET	
E425		*		
E425		* ERASE BEFORE BACKSPACING		
E425	3620	DBACKSP	MVI M,20H	
E427	3ADBFF		LDA CURPOS	
E42A	A7		ANA A	
E42B	2824		JRZ RET	
E42D	3D		DCR A	
E42E	2B		DCX H	
E42F	3620		MVI M,20H	
E431	181B		JR TABRET	
E433		* MOVE THE CURSOR BACK		
E433	3ADBFF	BACKSP	LDA CURPOS	
E436	3D		DCR A	
E437	F24EE4		JP TABRET	
E43A	1811		JR CRET	
E43C		* TAB OVER TO THE NEXT 8 MULTIPLE		
E43C	3ADBFF	TAB	LDA CURPOS	
E43F	F607		ORI 7	
E441	18A9		JR EOL+3	
E443		* CLEAR THE SCREEN AND HOME UP		
E443	CD9CE4	FORM	CALL CLEAR	
E446	AF	HOME	XRA A	
E447	32DCFF		STA LINENO	
E44A	32DDFF		STA VFL	;CLR VID FLAG
E44D		* CARRIAGE RETURN		
E44D	AF	CRET	XRA A	
E44E	32DBFF	TABRET	STA CURPOS	
E451		* RETURN TO THE CALLING ROUTINE		

E451 CD6FE4	RET	CALL	LIFTCURS
E454 E1		POP	H
E455 D1		POP	D
E456 C1		POP	B
E457 F1		POP	PSW
E458 C9		RET	
E459 3ADDFF	TVIDF	LDA	VFL
E45C EE80		XRI	80H
E45E 32DDFF		STA	VFL
E461 18EE		JR	RET
E463 *			
E463	* MOVE THE CURSOR UP		
E463 3ADCFF	CURSUP	LDA	LINENO
E466 A7		ANA	A
E467 28B8		JRZ	RET
E469 3D		DCR	A
E46A 32DCFF	STORLN	STA	LINENO
E46D 18E2		JR	RET
E46F *	* CALCULATE MEM ADD FROM CURSOR POSITION		
E46F 2180F7	LIFTCURS	LXI	H, HORIZ*VERT+PAGE
E472 11B0FF		LXI	D, -HORIZ
E475 3ADCFF		LDA	LINENO
E478 3C	CLOP	INR	A
E479 19		DAD	D
E47A FE18		CPI	VERT
E47C 20FA		JRNZ	CLOP
E47E ED5BDBFF	CFIN	LDED	CURPOS
E482 1600		MVI	D, 0
E484 19		DAD	D
E485	* REVERSE THE VIDEO		
E485 7E		MOV	A, M
E486 EE80		XRI	80H
E488 77		MOV	M, A
E489 C9		RET	
E48A	* CLEAR TO END OF SCREEN		
E48A CDA5E4	CLEND	CALL	WRSPC
E48D 18C2		JR	RET
E48F	* CLEAR TO END OF LINE		
E48F 3ADBFF	CLLINE	LDA	CURPOS
E492 3620		MVI	M, 20H
E494 23		INX	H
E495 3C		INR	A
E496 FE50		CPI	50H
E498 20F8		JRNZ	CLLINE+3
E49A 18B5		JR	RET
E49C	* CLEAR THE SCREEN		
E49C 2100F0	CLEAR	LXI	H, PAGE
E49F 22DFFF		SHLD	TOSCN
E4A2 22EAFF		SHLD	XYFLAG
E4A5 3620	WRSPC	MVI	M, 20H
E4A7 23		INX	H
E4A8 7C		MOV	A, H
E4A9 FEF8		CPI	PAGE+2048/256
E4AB 20F8		JRNZ	WRSPC
E4AD C9		RET	
E4AE	*		
E4AE	* PROCESS LEAD IN CODE		

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E4AE 3E02      LEDIN      MVI      A, 2
E4B0 32EAFF    STA *     XYFLAG
E4B3 189C      JR       RET
E4B5 *
E4B5 * SET X AND Y CURSOR POSITIONS
E4B5 79        XPOS       MOV      A,C
E4B6 FE50      CPI       80
E4B8 3802      JRC       XINRG
E4BA 3E4F      MVI      A, 79
E4BC 1890      XINRG    JR      TABRET
E4BE *
E4BE 79        YPOS       MOV      A,C
E4BF FE18      CPI       24
E4C1 3802      JRC       YINRG
E4C3 3E17      MVI      A, 23
E4C5 18A3      YINRG    JR      STORLN
E4C7 *
E4C7 AF        CLSTRT    XRA      A
E4C8 32DBFF    STA       CURPOS
E4CB CD6FE4    CALL      LIFTCURS
E4CE 18BF      JR       CLLINE
E4D0 E4D0 =    MSEND     EQU      $
E4D0 * CURSOR STORAGE LOCATIONS
E4D0           ORG      SPTR+0BH
FFDB CURPOS    DS       1          ;POS ON LINE
FFDC LINENO    DS       1          ;LINE NUMBER
FFDD VFL       DS       1          ;REVERSE VID FLAG
FFDE WIDTH     DS       1          ;PRINT WIDTH
FFDF TOSCN    DS       2          ;TOP OF SCREEN
FFE1 TCURPOS   DS       2          ;TEMP POSITION
FFE3 LINK      'M5'
FFE3 * ADDITIONS TO 4.0 MONITOR
FFE3           ORG      MSEND
E4D0 * PRINT A STRING
E4D0 CDDFE0    RPTSTNG   CALL      CRLF      ;CRLF FIRST
E4D3 E3        PTSTNG   XTHL
E4D4 7E        MOV      A,M
E4D5 23        INX      H
E4D6 E3        XTHL
E4D7 A7        ANA      A
E4D8 CD8AE3    CALL      VIDEO      ;PRINT IT
E4DB F8        RM
E4DC 18F5      JR       PTSTNG
E4DE * SIGN ON MESSAGE
E4DE 3E04      SIGN      MVI      A, 4      ;CLEAR SCREEN
E4E0 CD8AE3    CALL      VIDEO
E4E3 2150F1    LXI      H, PAGE+150H
E4E6 E5        PUSH     H
E4E7 1151F1    LXI      D, PAGE+151H
E4EA 013000    LXI      B, 30H
E4ED 3612      MVI      M, 12H      ;GRAPHIC CHARACTER
E4EF EDB0      LDTR
E4F1 E1        POP      H
E4F2 11A0F1    LXI      D, PAGE+1A0H
E4F5 018002    LXI      B, 640
E4F8 EDB0      LDTR
E4FA CDD3E4    CALL      PTSTNG

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E4FD 1B		DB	27	;ESC
E4FE 2007		DD	2007H	;X=32 Y=7
E500 20564543		DT	' VECTOR GRAPHIC '	
E504 544F5220				
E508 47524150		DB	27	;ESC
E50C 48494320		DD	2008H	;X=32 Y=8
E510 1B		DT	' MONITOR '	
E511 2008				
E513 20202020		DB	27	;ESC
E517 4D4F4E49		DD	2009H	;X=32 Y=9
E51B 544F5220		DT	' VERSION 4.1 '	
E51F 20202020				
E523 1B		DB	27	;ESC
E524 2009		DD	2009H	;X=32 Y=9
E526 20205645		DT	' VERSION 4.1 '	
E52A 5253494F				
E52E 4B20342E		DB	27	;ESC
E532 31202020		DD	8DH	;X=0 Y=13
E536 1B		RET		
E537 008D		CALL	RPTSTNG	
E539 C9		DTH	'Mon> '	
E53A CDD0E4	PROMPT			
E53D 4D6F6E3E		RET		
E541 A0		CALL	PTSTNG	
E542 C9		DTH	'ASCII DUMP '	
E543 *				
E543 *WIDE ASCII DUMP				
E543 CDD3E4	WASCI	CALL	TAHEX	
E546 41534349		CALL	HOMEC	
E54A 49204455				
E54E 4D50A0		*	MAKE A RULER FOR ASCII DUMP	
E551 CD0EE1		MOV	A,B	
E554 CD97E5		CPI	64	
E557 78	RULELP	JRZ	TERMLIN	
E558 FE40		ANI	OFH	
E55A 281A		JRZ	NUMBER	
E55C E60F		ANI	3	
E55E 2810		JRZ	MARKER	
E560 E603		MVI	A,' '	
E562 2808		JR	RULELP	
E564 3B20		REENTR	VIDEO	
E566 CD8AE3		INR	B	
E569 04		MARKER	MVI	A,'1'
E56A 18EB		JR	REENTR	
E56C 3B6C		NUMBER	MOV	A,B
E56E 18F6			CALL	BINH
E570 78			JR	REENTR+3
E571 CD2DE2				
E574 18F3		*	TOGGLE REVERSE VIDEO	
E576 CD88E3	TERMLIN	CALL	TVIDEO	
E579 CD03E6	WDMP1	CALL	SETSCRLL	
E57C CDOFE2		CALL	PTAD	
E57F 0B3F		MVI	C,63	
E581 CD88E5		CALL	WDMP2	
E584 FA79E5		JM	WDMP1	

E587 C8		RZ	
E588 7E	WDMR2	MOV	A,M
E589 47		MOV	B,A
E58A 3E05		MVI	A,'E'-64
E58C CD8AE3		CALL	VIDEO
E58F CD3FE2		CALL	BMP
E592 C8		RZ	
E593 0D		DCR	C
E594 F8		RM	
E595 18F1		JR	WDMR2
E597	* HOME CURSOR,	PRINT "ADDR"	
E597 CDD0E4	HOMEC	CALL	RPTSTNG
E59A 14		DB	'T'-64
E59B 41444452		DTH	'ADDR '
E59F A0			
E5A0 0600		MVI	B,0
E5A2 3E18		MVI	A,24
E5A4 32DEFF		STA	WIDTH
E5A7 C9		RET	
E5A8	* MAKE A RULER FOR HEX DUMP		
E5A8 78	HEXRULER	MOV	A,B
E5A9 FE10		CPI	16
E5AB 2806		JRZ	HEXRCT
E5AD CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S
E5B0 04		INR	B
E5B1 18F5		JR	HEXRULER
E5B3	* EXTEND FOR ASCII		
E5B3 CDDAE0	HEXRCT	CALL	SPCE
E5B6 CDDAE0		CALL	SPCE
E5B9 0600		MVI	B,0
E5BB 78	HEXRLP	MOV	A,B
E5BC FE10		CPI	16
E5BE C8		RZ	
E5BF E60F		ANI	OFH
E5C1 CD31E2		CALL	BINL
E5C4 04		INR	B
E5C5 18F4		JR	HEXRLP
E5C7	* HEX DUMP ROUTINE		
E5C7 CDD3E4	HEXRUL	CALL	PTSTNG
E5CA 48455820		DTH	'HEX DUMP '
E5CE 44554D50			
E5D2 A0			
E5D3 CD0EE1		CALL	TAHEX
E5D6 CD97E5		CALL	HOMEC
E5D9 CDA8E5		CALL	HEXRULER
E5DC CD88E3		CALL	TVIDEO
E5DF CD03E6		CALL	SETSCRLL
E5E2 CD0FE2	HLP1	CALL	PTAD
E5E5 E5		PUSH	H
E5E6 D5		PUSH	D
E5E7 0B10		MVI	C,16
E5E9 7E	HLP2	MOV	A,M
E5EA CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S
E5ED 23		INX	H
E5EE 0D		DCR	C
E5EF C2E9E5		JNZ	HLP2
E5F2 D1		POP	D

E5F3 E1		POP	H	
E5F4 EOF		MVI	C, 15	
E5F6 CDDAE0		CALL	SPCE	
E5F9 CDDAE0		CALL	SPCE	
E5FC CD88E5		CALL	WDMP2	
E5FF FADFE5		JM	HLPI-3	
E602 C9		RET		
E603	* CHECK TO SET SCROLL POINT			
E603 3ADEF	SETSCRL	LDA	WIDTH	
E606 3D		DCR	A	
E607 32DEFF		STA	WIDTH	
E60A 2007		JRNZ	CTSCRL	
E60C 0150F0		LXI	B, PAGE+50H	; 2ND LINE
E60F ED43DFFF		SBCD	TOSCN	; SCROLL POINT
E613 C9	CTSCRL	RET		
E614 *				
E614 * PROGRAM MEMORY				
E614 CDD3E4	PROGRAM	CALL	PTSTNG	
E617 50524F47		DTH	'PROGRAM '	
E61B 52414DA0				
E61F CDBDE0		CALL	AHEX	; ADDR IN HL
E622 ED53E1FF		SDED	TCURPOS	
E626 CD97E5		CALL	HOMEC	; PRINT "ADDR"
E629 CDA8E5		CALL	HEXRULER	
E62C CD88E3		CALL	TVIDEO	
E62F AF		XRA	A	
E630 32DEFF		STA	WIDTH	
E633 CD9DE6		CALL	PRT1LINE	; PRINT LINE CONT H
E636 CD2FE1	POLLOOP	CALL	ESCAPE	
E639 CDEDE0		CALL	HEX	
E63C 2AE1FF		LHLD	TCURPOS	
E63F 301A		JRNC	MODMEM	
E641 * CONTROL CODE TABLE				
E641 FE20		CPI	' '	
E643 2846		JRZ	CSRT	
E645 FE08		CPI	8	
E647 2845		JRZ	CSLT	
E649 FE12		CPI	'R'-64	
E64B 2839		JRZ	CSDN	
E64D FE15		CPI	'U'-64	
E64F 282F		JRZ	CSUP	
E651 FE17		CPI	'W'-64	
E653 2839		JRZ	CSLT	
E655 FE1A		CPI	'2'-64	
E657 2832		JRZ	CSRT	
E659 18DB		JR	POLLOOP	
E65B * MODIFY A MEMORY LOCATION				
E65B 2AE1FF	MODMEM	LHLD	TCURPOS	
E65E 4F		MOV	C, A	
E65F 3ADEF		LDA	WIDTH	
E662 A7		ANA	A	
E663 7E		MOV	A, M	
E664 280D		JRZ	LSNIBL	
E666 E6F0		ANI	OF0H	
E668 B1		ORA	C	
E669 77	REMEM	MOV	M, A	
E66A 3ADEF		LDA	WIDTH	

E66D EE01		XRI	1
.E66F 201F		JRNZ	RTRTN+1
E671 1818		JR	CSRT
E673 17	LSNIBL	RAL	
E674 17		RAL	
E675 17		RAL	
E676 17		RAL	
E677 E6F0		ANI	OF0H
E679 B1		ORA	C
E67A OF		RRC	
E67B OF		RRC	
E67C OF		RRC	
E67D OF		RRC	
E67E 18E9		JR	REMEM
E680	* MOVE UP ONE LINE		
E680 11F0FF	CSUP	LXI	D,-16
E683 19		DAD	D
E684 1809		JR	RTRTN
E686	* MOVE DOWN ONE LINE		
E686 111000	CSDN	LXI	D,16
E689 18F8		JR	CSUP+3
E68B	* MOVE RIGHT ONE SPACE		
E68B 23	CSRT	INX	H
E68C 1801		JR	RTRTN
E68E	* MOVE LEFT ONE SPACE		
E68E 2B	CSLT	DCX	H
E68F	*		
E68F AF	RTRTN	XRA	A
E690 32DEFF		STA	WIDTH
E693 22E1FF		SHLD	TCURPOS
E696 3E15	UPAROW	MVI	A,'U'-64
E698 CD8AE3		CALL	VIDEO
E69B 1896		JR	POLLOOP-3
E69D	* PRINT A LINE CONTAINING ((H))		
E69D 2AE1FF	PRT1LINE	LHLD	TCURPOS
E6A0 E5		PUSH	H
E6A1 D1		POP	D
E6A2 7D		MOV	A,L
E6A3 F60F		ORI	OFH
E6A5 5F		MOV	E,A
E6A6 E6F0		ANI	OF0H
E6A8 6F		MOV	L,A
E6A9 CDE2E5		CALL	HLPI
E6AC	* NOW PUT CURSOR WHERE IT GOES		
E6AC CD6FE4		CALL	LIFTCURS
E6AF 2AE1FF		LHLD	TCURPOS
E6B2 7D		MOV	A,L
E6B3 E60F		ANI	OFH
E6B5 6F		MOV	L,A
E6B6 3E05		MVI	A,5
E6B8 2D	PLOP1	DCR	L
E6B9 FAC0E6		JM	PGCONT
E6BC C603		ADI	3
E6BE 18F8		JR	PLOP1
E6C0 6F	PGCONT	MOV	L,A
E6C1 3ADEFF		LDA	WIDTH
E6C4 85		ADD	L

E6C5	* A = 5+3*L+W		
E6C5 32DBFF	STA	CURPOS	
E6C8 C36FE4	JMP	LIFTCURS	
E6CB	*		
E6CB	*		
E6CB	* DISPLAY REGISTERS		
E6CB CDD3E4	DREGS	CALL	PTSTNG
E6CE 52454749		DTH	'REGISTERS'
E6D2 53544552			
E6D6 D3			
E6D7	* DUMP REGISTERS AFTER ENTRY FROM RST 7		
E6D7 E3	DUMPREGS	XTHL	
E6D8 F5		PUSH	PSW
E6D9 CD31E7		CALL	DISPREGS
E6DC 2B		DCX	H
E6DD CD0FE2		CALL	PTAD
E6E0 E1		POP	H
E6E1 C5		PUSH	B
E6E2 CD86E7		CALL	PTRFLGS
E6E5 C1		POP	B
E6E6 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E6E9 E1		POP	H
E6EA 22E3FF		SHLD	HLTEMP
E6ED CDA7E7		CALL	PTHREE
E6F0 DDE5		PUSH	IX
E6F2 E1		POP	H
E6F3 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E6F6 FDE5		PUSH	IY
E6F8 E1		POP	H
E6F9 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E6FC 210000		LXI	H,0
E6FF 39		DAD	SP
E700 22E5FF		SHLD	SPTEMP
E703 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E706 08		EXAF	
E707 F5		PUSH	PSW
E708 E1		POP	H
E709 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E70C D9		EXX	
E70D CDA7E7		CALL	PTHREE
E710 D9		EXX	
E711 0A		LDAX	B
E712 CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S
E715 1A		LDAX	D
E716 CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S
E719 2AE3FF		LHLD	HLTEMP
E71C 7E		MOV	A,M
E71D CD2BE7		CALL	PT2S
E720 2AE5FF		LHLD	SPTEMP
E723 F9		SPHL	
E724 E1		POP	H
E725 CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E728 C340E0		JMP	CLRRBK
E72B	*		
E72B CD26E2	PT2S	CALL	PT2
E72E C3DAE0		JMP	SPCE
E731	* DISPLAY REGISTER HEADER ON SCREEN		

E731 CDD0E4	DISPREGS	CALL	RPTSTNG
E734 14		DB	'T'-64
E735 41444452		DT	'ADDR FLAGS AF BC DE'
E739 20464C41			
E73D 47532020			
E741 41462020			
E745 20424320			
E749 20204445			
E74D 20202048		DT	' HL IX IY SP '
E751 4C202020			
E755 49582020			
E759 20495920			
E75D 20205350			
E761 20			
E762 20204146		DT	' AF '
E766 27		DB	27H
E767 20204243		DT	' BC '
E76B 27		DB	27H
E76C 20204445		DT	' DE '
E770 27		DB	27H
E771 2020484C		DT	' HL '
E775 27		DB	27H
E776 20404220		DT	' EB ED EH ESP '
E77A 40442040			
E77E 48204053			
E782 5020			
E784 94		DB	'T'+64
E785 C9		RET	
E786 *			
E786 015A40	PRTFLGS	LXI	B,405AH
E789 CDB6E7		CALL	MASKFLG
E78C 014301		LXI	B,143H
E78F CDB6E7		CALL	MASKFLG
E792 014D80		LXI	B,804DH
E795 CDB6E7		CALL	MASKFLG
E798 014504		LXI	B,445H
E79B CDB6E7		CALL	MASKFLG
E79E 014810		LXI	B,1048H
E7A1 CDB6E7		CALL	MASKFLG
E7A4 C3DAE0		JMP	SPCE
E7A7 *			
E7A7 * PRINT BC DE HL IN ORDER			
E7A7 B5	PTHREE	PUSH	H
E7A8 C5		PUSH	B
E7A9 E1		POP	H
E7AA CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E7AD D5		PUSH	D
E7AE E1		POP	H
E7AF CD12E2		CALL	PTAD+3
E7B2 E1		POP	H
E7B3 C312E2		JMP	PTAD+3
E7B6 *			
E7B6 7D	MASKFLG	MOV	A,L
E7B7 A0		ANA	B
E7B8 3E20		MVI	A,20H
E7BA CA8AE3		JZ	VIDEO

E7BD 79		MOV	A,C
E7BE C38AE3		JMP	VIDEO
E7C1 *			
E7C1 * SET BREAKPOINT			
E7C1 CDD3E4	SETBRK	CALL	PTSTNG
E7C4 42524541		DTH	'BREAK AT '
E7C8 4B204154			
E7CC A0			
E7CD CDBDE0		CALL	AHEX
E7D0 1A		LDAX	D
E7D1 32E9FF		STA	BRKCODE
E7D4 ED53E7FF		SDED	BKPTLOC
E7D8 3EFF		MVI	A, OFFH ;RST 7
E7DA 12		STAX	D
E7DB C9		RET	
E7DC *			
E7DC * EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS			
E7DC CDD3E4	EXTCOM	CALL	PTSTNG
E7DF 45585420		DTH	'EXT COM '
E7E3 434F4DA0			
E7E7 DB05	RECEIVE	IN	5
E7E9 E602		ANI	2
E7EB 2805		JRZ	NEXCHR
E7ED DB04		IN	4
E7EF CD8AE3		CALL	VIDEO
E7F2 CD2FE1	NEXCHR	CALL	ESCAPE
E7F5 28F0		JRZ	RECEIVE
E7F7 D304		OUT	4
E7F9 18EC		JR	RECEIVE
E7FB *			
E7FB * TEMPORARY STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR REGISTERS, ETC.			
E7FB		ORG	TCURPOS+2
FFE3 HLTEMP		DS	2
FFE5 SPTEMP		DS	2
FFE7 BKPTLOC		DS	2 ;BREAKPT LOCATION
FFE9 BRKCODE		DS	1 ;CODE AT BREAKPT
FFEA XYFLAG		DS	1 ;CURSOR XY FLAG